Reiner Zimmermann, Dresden

#### Cultural policy crossing thread and stitch<sup>1</sup>

Matthias Theodor Vogt's contribution to the Saxon Cultural Area Act

Public funding for cultural institutions is always viewed critically because the 'fairness' of the allocation of funds is generally questioned. This is due to the lack of objective criteria and the difficulty of applying them because of the incomparability of the individual institutions.

Nevertheless, when the concept for cultural area financing was developed in 1992/3, it was necessary to resolve the following question: How can a financial basis be found that is reasonably fair, especially in this critical area? The answer was to use a calculation basis that cannot be questioned because it is based on a 'culture-neutral' foundation, namely municipal financial equalisation (in German: Kommunaler Finanzausgleich). This is the sum of the vertical financial relationships between a state and its municipalities (Gemeinden) and counties (Landkreise), as well as the horizontal financial relationships between the municipalities and counties themselves.

One of Matthias Theodor Vogt's key achievements was to use this calculation basis in the drafting of the Saxon Cultural Area Act. After Wolfgang Voß, then head of the Saxon Ministry of Finance's internal department (later State Secretary in Dresden and finally Minister of Finance in Thuringia), had given a positive assessment of Vogt's idea of using financial equalisation, the Saxon Ministry of Finance also took this unusual step due to the special situation of cultural financing in Saxony. Just like the grandmother who used to check the correct repair of fabrics where thread and stitch crossed (Strich und Faden) with a magnifying glass, everyone was able to check the exact figures of the municipal financial equalisation scheme using the calculations of the Saxon Ministry of Finance. This is because the financial equalisation system uses a tax assessment index to represent the different financial capacities of municipalities and municipal associations (districts) each year, depending on their population density and economic strength, and then calculates the so-called key allocations from the Free State to the individual districts. Everyone had to accept that, for example, the district of Görlitz has a different – in this case lower - financial capacity than the district of Leipziger Land. This was then used to calculate the allocations from the Free State's legally enshrined cultural area funds, which were at least uncontroversial as one pillar of the cultural areas' financing system. The cultural secretariats then had to determine the respective cultural areas' own contributions.

This aspect of the Saxon Cultural Area Act was developed fairly quietly, while the structural cuts were discussed much more controversially. But one could not be achieved without the other. While cultural institutions and parts of the press were predicting the demise of Saxony as a

1 [Editor's note: The idiom 'nach Strich und Faden' is a statement of quality and means to do something well, thoroughly, according to all the rules (of the art) and completely. Today, it is mostly used in a negative sense, e.g. nach Strich und Faden betrügen – to deceive someone completely and with every trick in the book, or jemanden nach Strich und Faden verprügeln – to beat someone up. The terms originate from the weaving trade: 'Strich' refers to the direction of the fibres in a roughened fabric (cloth), while 'Faden' refers to a thread break or broken thread. After weaving a particular piece or section of fabric, the work was checked to ensure that it had been carried out correctly (in terms of colour, pattern and strength) in accordance with the required weaving pattern – the "Strich" – and that there were no broken threads. If this 'check by thread and stitch,' i.e. according to the weave and for broken threads, was positive, the woven piece was considered to have been manufactured correctly and thoroughly. The term entered the language as an idiom during the 19th century.

cultural region, the calculations from the municipal financial equalisation scheme went virtually unnoticed and only played a decisive role in the extensive documents prepared for the legislative process.

In May 1991, just one month after I had been appointed head of the art department at the Saxon State Ministry of Science and the Arts, I was visited by a Mr. Vogt, who had been referred to me by Manfred Ackermann, an official at the Federal Ministry of the Interior in Bonn who was very sympathetic to us East Germans. We had a need for Dr. Vogt in Saxony. We had a problem: the abundance of municipal cultural institutions inherited from the past, especially theatres and orchestras, and their financing presented the new cultural administrations of the cities and districts with almost insurmountable tasks. They therefore sought help from the state. But the Free State had neither a concept nor the means, unlike Baden-Württemberg, where the state covered 40 % of the costs for theatres and orchestras. In this precarious situation, Mr Vogt offered his help. He initially envisaged a kind of trust company that would support the institutions in their transition to the new legal forms.

We discussed the topic at length during evening meetings – Vogt from his perspective as a musician, director and, most recently, dramaturge at the Bayreuth Festival, and I from my knowledge of the situation in Saxony. I soon came to the conclusion that we needed substantial help that my department could not provide. When asked to find a namesake for an advisory board, I could think of no one better than the Saxon court conductor Johann Gottlieb Naumann (1741–1801), who, in the difficult times following the collapse of the Saxon-Polish Union and parallel to the profound political and economic changes brought about by the men of the Rétablissement, reorganised court musical practice after the end of the Baroque court opera and successfully implemented this model in Stockholm and Copenhagen. After much back and forth, and after overcoming prejudices against the West German Vogt, ironically from the State Secretary, who came from Lower Saxony, and from the head of the budget department, who came from Bremen, Mr Vogt was finally able to take up his position as an external employee in my department with the express help of the State Minister for Science and the Arts, Prof. Dr Hans Joachim Meyer.

He initially drove around the country in his Citroën CX (with a huge radio telephone in the boot to signal the delays that were inevitable at the time) and collected all the available data on every single theatre and orchestra – at that time, in 1991/92, Saxony had a population of approximately 4.5 million inhabitants, 21 orchestras including theatre orchestras and 13 multigenre theatres (by comparison, France had a total of 18 music theatres and Italy 12). I explained this density to foreign journalists with the following figures: the Free State stretches approximately 300 km between Görlitz and Plauen. Statistically speaking, there was an orchestra every 15 km, and I added that when the musicians played loudly, they could hear their neighbouring orchestras. This abundance was the result of Saxony's cultural heritage, which consisted not only of the royal seat of Dresden and the powerful cities of Leipzig and Chemnitz, but also, and not least, of a number of medium-sized towns that had developed into centres of urban culture during the industrial revolution in the 19th century. These had survived the Nazi era and the GDR because the SED's cultural policy could not afford to dismantle culture across the board despite enormous economic burdens. This legacy had fallen to the Free State, including the deplorable state of cultural buildings, which the GDR's economy of scarcity could not afford to renovate.

The data collection – results down to the last detail – led to conclusions that not everyone liked. Vogt established an advisory commission, deliberately without any Saxon members, and took over its chairmanship. The discussions ultimately resulted in the Naumann Commission's report with its recommendations, which led to statewide controversy.

These recommendations were far-reaching and resulted in a demand that the financing of municipal theatres and orchestras in Saxony be enshrined in law. For the lengthy process of drafting the law, Vogt secured the support of an interparliamentary advisory committee comprising members of the Saxon State Parliament, representatives of municipal umbrella organisations, and the district and city councils in order to create a broad basis of understanding for this previously unknown type of

legislative project, which did not exist even in the western German states. This committee also proposed extending the scope of the law to other cultural institutions such as music schools, museums and socio-cultural institutions, provided they were of regional importance. The law thus covered the majority of institutional cultural institutions in Saxony and guaranteed their continued existence. Incidentally, it took some time for opposition members of the state parliament to realise that they were involved in a project initiated by the state government.

The law based the financing of municipal cultural institutions on three pillars: (1) the legally enshrined contribution of the Free State (in 1995, this amounted to DM 150 million, of which DM 60 million from the municipal financial equalisation fund; Kommunaler Finanzausgleich), (2) the legal entities' own contributions and (3) newly introduced: the apportioned funds from the culture funds formed in the respective cultural areas, with the three major cities of Chemnitz, Dresden and Leipzig being exceptions. When the eight rural cultural areas were formed at the time, regional boundaries were taken into account, so that I heard from the State Church Office: These cultural areas corresponded roughly to the old Saxon church districts.

The law obliged Saxony's districts and large cities to become members of the cultural areas and to contribute jointly to the cultural fund. The basic idea was that residents from the surrounding area of a city should also be able to participate in its cultural offerings and thus be offered a certain degree of financial participation. For example, the Eduard von Winterstein Theatre was sponsored by the district of Annaberg; visitors were sent to Annaberg from the surrounding districts of the Ore Mountains without these districts contributing to the financing. This has now been systematically changed.

The cultural levy within the financial system was so new that West German lawyers could not accept it and planned legal action against the law. Mr Vogt therefore commissioned the Bonn constitutional lawyer Fritz Ossenbühl to prepare a legal opinion on 'municipal cultural preservation and legislative organisational sovereignty,' in which cultural preservation was defined as a task of voluntary self-government by the municipalities and the merger into cultural areas was declared constitutionally unobjectionable: legal support for a cultural policy in every respect.

The documentation 'Kulturräume in Sachsen' (Cultural Areas in Saxony), published by Matthias Theodor Vogt, Universitätsverlag Leipzig 1994, contains extensive material (on the structure and tasks of the law, 28 contributions on the genesis of the law, such as press articles, statements by municipal umbrella organisations, expert opinions, minutes of state parliament sessions on readings of the law, the legal opinion by Fritz Ossenbühl, hearing minutes from experts, and photographic approaches to the diverse aspects of culture in Saxony, including six pages with Vogt's calculations of the regional cultural burden equalisation with details of the key numbers, the names of the districts, the number of inhabitants, the area in km², the tax assessment rate of the municipalities, the key allocations to the municipalities, the key allocations to the districts, the sum of all three allocations as the basis for apportionment and a percentage share of the revenue for the individual districts in the respective cultural area) – the necessary figures to clearly demonstrate the financial burden on each member of a cultural area, which prompted the then Finance Minister Georg Milbradt to make the appreciative comment: Vogt not only understands culture; he is also very good at arithmetic – in other words, cultural policy crossing thread and stitch.













# Cultural Policy against the Grain 流れに逆らう文化政策

liber amicorum for Matthias Theodor Vogt in honour of his 65th birthday, edited by his colleagues and students

Dieter Bingen, Köln; Stefan Garsztecki, Chemnitz; Goro Christoph Kimura, Tokyo; Luigi Ferrara, Neapel; Peter Lah, Rom; Beat Siebenhaar, Leipzig, in Verbindung mit Günter Beelitz, Düsseldorf; Agnieszka Bormann, Görlitz; Andreas Bracher, Wien; Jelena Budanceva, Riga; Adam Chmielewski, Breslau; Maria Davydchyk, Berlin; Jürgen Erfurt, Berlin; Princesse Esperance Fezeu, Bafoussam; Pierpaolo Forte, Benevent; Annemarie Franke, Görlitz; Erik Fritzsche, Dresden; Kazuo Fujino, Kobe; Miloš Havelka, Prag; Adrien Houguet, Taschkent; Zoltán Huszár, Pécs; Sebastian Lalla, Ulaanbaatar; Stefan Liebing, Hamburg; Luca Lombardi, Rom; Katarina Markovic, Boston; Jean Bertrand Miguoué, Yaoundé; Christoph Pan, Bozen; Oliver Reisner, Tiflis; Róża Zuzanna Różańska, Krakau; Mihály Sári, Pécs; Una Sedleniece, Riga; David Simo, Yaoundé; Anton Sterbling, Fürth; Paul Videsott, Bozen; Susanne Vill, Wien; Eduard Werner, Leipzig; Ivan Zadori, Pécs; Gabriele Zaidyte, Vilnius; Kamil Zágoršek, Liberec; Reiner Zimmermann, Dresden

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Matthias Theodor Vogt, Görlitz Photos von Andreas Zgraja, Görlitz

#### Documentation of the conference – 30 Years of IKS on 24 May 2024

Conference Against the Grain — Cultural policy in history and in present-day Saxony

30 years of the Saxon Cultural Area Act and its accompaniment in research and teaching by the Institute for Cultural Infrastructure Saxony

24 May 2024, 2 – 7 p.m. Large lecture halls G I 1.01 and 0.01 Zittau/Görlitz University, Brückenstr. 1, D-02826 Görlitz https://kultur.org/veranstaltungen/tagung-24-mai-2024/

#### Organisers:

Institute for Cultural Infrastructure Saxony, Upper Lusatia-Lower Silesia Cultural Area and Zittau/Görlitz University in cooperation with Chemnitz University of Technology and the Institute for Territorial Development of the Lower Silesian Voivodeship

Download Documentation (Photos: Andreas Zgraja, Görlitz)

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#### Presse

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Andreas Hermann: Gepfefferter Gruß aus Görlitz (Spicy greetings from Görlitz)
Dresdner Neueste Nachrichten. Dresden, 31. Mai 2024. S.11.
Photo: Andreas Hermann, faktenreich Dresden https://kultur.org/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/Hermann-Dresdner-Neueste-Nachrichten-31.05.2024-





Peter Chemnitz: Wissenschaftler verabschieden Professor Vogt (Scientists bid farewell to Professor Vogt)
Görlitzer Nachrichten Sächsische Zeitung, 29.Mai 2024, S. 16
<a href="https://kultur.org/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/SZ-Goerlitz-29Mai2024">https://kultur.org/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/SZ-Goerlitz-29Mai2024</a> Wissenschaftlererabschieden Professor-Vogt.pdf

#### (1) Invitation

#### by Dr. Stephan Meyer, Landrat des Landkreises Görlitz (shire county president) and Chairman of the Cultural Convention for the Upper Lusatia-Lower Silesia Cultural Area

Thirty years ago – on 1 August 1994 – the Saxon Cultural Area Act came into force.

In the same month, the Institute for Cultural Infrastructure Saxony was founded to support the Cultural Area Act in research and teaching. In order to attract the experts needed for cultural policy, the institute and the Zittau/Görlitz University shortly afterwards established the Görlitz degree programme 'Culture and Management,' which now has around 500 graduates who are successfully working all over the world.

We would like to celebrate this with you and Professor Matthias Theodor Vogt, the 'father' of the Act, on Friday, 24 May 2024, in Görlitz. After 27 years, he is retiring from his university position with a keynote speech on the future of cultural areas in Saxony. In cooperation with the Institute for Cultural Infrastructure Saxony and the Zittau/Görlitz University, we invite you to a symposium with keynote speeches from academia and practice, as well as a panel discussion.

We don't just want to celebrate and engage in navel-gazing within Saxony, but also to receive external input on the history and present of cultural policy in order to reflect together on the next thirty years of cultural spaces in Saxony. We have invited speakers from the Council of Europe, Tokyo, Riga, Naples, Krakow, Marburg and, of course, Görlitz, who will present core elements of state, municipal and independent cultural policy 'against the grain' in keynote speeches and short presentations. Afterwards, we will discuss with the chair of the Culture Committee in the Saxon State Parliament, members of the Culture Senate and Culture Convention, and representatives of the art scene.

#### (2) Welcome



Rector of Zittau/Görlitz University, Alexander Kratzsch https://youtu.be/6Imh0TNbyIM?list=PLwU1\_FuHyok3HB\_je3E7rV8vtbJhOrrW0\_

#### (3) Introduction

Landrat Stephan Meyer, Görlitz: Outline of current problems and expectations of municipal cultural policy in Saxony by the Chairman of the Cultural Convention of the Upper Lusatia-Lower Silesia Cultural Area, https://youtu.be/cjROQsTqrCY?list=PLwU1\_FuHyok3HB je3E7rV8vtbJhOrrW0



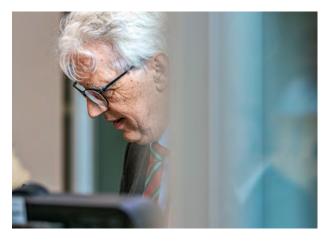
#### (4) Impulses: External suggestions for Saxony's cultural policy

Una Sedleniece, former State Secretary, Riga: Memories of her time as a student in Görlitz from 1997 to 2001 in the first cohort of the UNESCO degree programme 'Culture and Management' in Görlitz at the Zittau/Görlitz University and the Institute for Cultural Infrastructure Saxony <a href="https://youtu.be/jKB-0Govtac?list=PLwU1\_FuHyok3HB\_je3E7rV8vtbJhOrrW0">https://youtu.be/jKB-0Govtac?list=PLwU1\_FuHyok3HB\_je3E7rV8vtbJhOrrW0</a>





Kimura Goro Christoph (Sophia-University, Tokyo): *Japan learns from Saxony* https://youtube/3gVq1Btd5sc?list=PL wU1\_FuHyok3HB\_je3E7rV8vtbJhOrrW0



Gregor Vogt-Spira
(Philipps University of Marburg):

Emperor Augustus and the
invention of 'cultural policy'
https://youtube/00iVWcYxYTs?list=PLw U1
FuHyok3HB\_je3E7rV8vtbJhOrrW0



Róża Zuzanna Różańska (Jagiellonian University Krakow): Royal cultural policy of the Baroque era <a href="https://youtu.be/o4rVJFW1Yp4?list=PLwU1\_FuHyok3HB\_je3E7rV8vtbJhOrrW0">https://youtu.be/o4rVJFW1Yp4?list=PLwU1\_FuHyok3HB\_je3E7rV8vtbJhOrrW0</a>



Stefan Garsztecki (Chemnitz):

Province takes place in the mind

<a href="https://youtu.be/\_XavYjqjEi0?list=PLwU1\_FuHyok3HB\_je3E7rV8vtbJhOrrW0">https://youtu.be/\_XavYjqjEi0?list=PLwU1\_FuHyok3HB\_je3E7rV8vtbJhOrrW0</a>







Luigi Ferrara (University of Federico II Naples): The Saxon Cultural Areas Act as a model for Italian legislation? <a href="https://youtu.be/yKympfBwEGo?list=PLwU1\_FuHyok3HB">https://youtu.be/yKympfBwEGo?list=PLwU1\_FuHyok3HB</a>
je3E7rV8vtbJhOrrW0

## (5) Coffee break in the auditorium











#### (6) Keynote speech

Matthias Theodor Vogt (IKS and HSZG):

On the future of cultural areas in Saxony

https://youtu.be/M5HIZcKotuc?list=PLw

U1\_FuHyok3HB\_je3E7rV8vtbJhOrrW0



(7) Discussion: 30 years of cultural areas in Saxony



Moderator: Cultural Secretary Annemarie Franke, Cultural Area Oberlausitz-Niederschlesien Theresa Jacobs (Leipzig): Sorbian Institute Bautzen and Leipzig Dance Theatre Franz Sodann MdL: Deputy Chairman of the Committee for Science, Higher Education, Media, Culture and Tourism in the Saxon State Parliament Thomas Zenker (Zittau): Lord Mayor and member of the convention Kirstin Zinke (Dresden): Senator for Culture and Managing Director of the Saxony State Association for Socio-Culture  $\underline{https://youtu.be/ZevoHpg3fYk?list=PL}$ wU1\_FuHyok3HB\_je3E7rV8vtbJhOrrW0





## (8) Closing remarks



Benedikt Hummel, Mayor for Culture of the City of Görlitz as representative of the graduates of 'Culture and Management' <a href="https://youtu.be/t7EuD-oQ\_a4?list=PLwU1\_FuHyok3HB\_je3E7rV8vtbJhOrrW0">https://youtu.be/t7EuD-oQ\_a4?list=PLwU1\_FuHyok3HB\_je3E7rV8vtbJhOrrW0</a>

#### Many thanks to all the hard-working helpers who made this conference possible:

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Clara Linnemayr [remote coordination from the USA], Zoe Schulmayer, Victoria Hentschel, Antonia Weber (students of "Culture and Management")

Joanna Bär and Alexandra Grochowski (translators)

Johanna Metzner, student of culture and management, and her family from the 'Bierblume Görlitz' <a href="https://www.bierblume-goerlitz.de/">https://www.bierblume-goerlitz.de/</a>

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INSTITUT FÜR

1994 – 2024

KULTURELLE INFRASTRUKTUR

SACHSEN







Matthias Theodor Vogt, Görlitz Photos von Andreas Zgraja, Görlitz

## Documentation of the art night celebrating 30 years of IKS and the premiere of the film 'Görlitz Rhythms – A Dance of Cultures' at Benigna, Görlitz

https://kultur.org/institut/30-years-iks/



The Art Night took place at the 'Benigna' on Görlitz's Untermarkt, one of the city's most historically significant buildings. It is named after Benigna Horschel. On Pentecost Sunday 1464, she was impregnated by the mayor's son Georg Emmerich and then callously abandoned. The conflict between the Emmerich and Horschel families was to become a turning point in the city's history, far more exciting than the teenage drama Romeo and Juliet [https://kultur.org/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/Hoch Benigna Spannender-als-Romeo-und-Julia in Vogt-et-al-Benigna-2024-04-25.pdf].







In the fine tradition of debate among Görlitz students of 'Culture and Management' [https://kultur.org/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/Vogt\_3Gruende-fuer-Goerlitz-als-Studiengangsort\_Benigna-2024-04-25.pdf] with complex issues in the city and region (and often far beyond), the institute received an enquiry from Robert Lehleiter and Christian Weise. They wanted a concept for the use of the 'Benigna'. Supervised by Matthias Theodor Vogt and Maik Hosang, 12 female students and 1 male student explored this issue in a research seminar, in collaboration with council archivist Siegfried Hoche and a Bonn theatre group, supervised by René Harder.



The theory [download: <a href="https://kultur.org/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/Hoch\_Benigna\_Spannender-als-Romeo-und-Julia\_in\_Vogt-et-al-Benigna-2024-04-25.pdf">https://kultur.org/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/Hoch\_Benigna\_Spannender-als-Romeo-und-Julia\_in\_Vogt-et-al-Benigna-2024-04-25.pdf</a>] was put to the test at the art night on 24 May 2024.

## Art Night

#### Photo documentation

[https://kultur.org/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/IKS30y-Benigna24Mai2024\_PhotosZgraja-k.pdf] with photos by Andreas Zgraja, Görlitz mail@andi.film.



Maestro Luca Lombardi and Miriam Meghnagi from Rome performed a work to mark the institute's 30th anniversary (world premiere and first joint performance of the couple).



Former Prime Minister Georg Milbradt from Dresden gave the laudatory speech.



Maria Davydchyk performed a Belarusian folk song.



Steffi Bärmann from Zittau recited in the Upper Lusatian dialect.



Elisabeth Domsgen from Görlitz recited a ballad by Bürger.



Honorary Consul Stefan Liebing from Hamburg commended the research and institute projects on Africa.



Princess Esperance from Bafoussam sang a Cameroonian song.



Joseline Amutuhaire performed a Ugandan dance, accompanied on the drums by Tomas Ondrusek from Waldheim.



Hans-Peter Struppe from Görlitz and Cornelia Wosnitza from Dresden sang cheeky modern songs.



The art night ended with a song by 21 former UNESCO students of 'Culture and Management' (class of 1997), who offered their congratulations in Latvian, Polish, Sorbian, Czech and German.

#### Museum: Thirty Years of IKS

Some of the 30 years of work of the Institute for Cultural Infrastructure Saxony is documented at <a href="https://kultur.org/">https://kultur.org/</a>. To mark the institute's anniversary, the archives were opened and an exhibition was put together, supported by our student intern Jakob Bormann as curator.



#### Film Görlitz Rhythms - A Dance of Cultures

Premiere 24 May 2024, Benigna Görlitz on the occasion of the thirtieth anniversary of the Institute for Cultural Infrastructure Saxony

Concept: Matthias Theodor Vogt, Görlitz

Camera and editing: Andreas Zgraja, Görlitz mail@andi.film

The film can be downloaded free of charge as Creative Commons ShareAlike CC BY-SA (1.0 2.0 2.5 3.0 4.0) and installed on your own website.

Without immigration, Görlitz is lost,' said the then mayor Siegfried Deinege during research for the study 'Arriving in the German world' [https://kultur.org/forschungen/merr/]. However, immigration is a process in which preconceived assumptions – positive or negative stereotypes – play a decisive role in choosing a destination.

When Cameroonian mayor Roger Tafam promoted Görlitz in June 2023, he found that the city was so heavily disparaged as xenophobic on English-language social media that the parents of the young people he wanted to send to Görlitz for training vetoed the idea and none of them wanted to come.

The objective data tells a completely different story. No city in Saxony has a higher proportion of foreigners than Görlitz, not even Leipzig, and certainly not the state capital Dresden. Data from the Office for the Protection of the Constitution and the criminal investigation departments indicate peaceful coexistence (see Vogt 2023). If Görlitz entrepreneurs want to attract excellent workers in times of skilled labour shortages, they urgently need to counter the media's denigration with facts. The inglorious first-place finish of the Görlitz district in the European elections on 9 June 2024 has opened the door to further suspicions.

Roger Tafam suggested presenting parents with a film about the real Görlitz in English in YouTube format in order to respond to the allegations of 'manifest xenophobia' circulating on the internet. With the film 'Görlitz Rhythms – A Dance of Cultures' and in cooperation with the Municipal Hospital, the Maltese Hospital, the Zittau/Görlitz University and many civil society actors, the Institute implemented this idea together with Andi Zgraja, Görlitz (camera and editing).

The film is short and asks only one question: **What is so special about Görlitz?** The data is impressive and stimulates discussion.

To mark the institute's anniversary, we are making the film available to all Görlitz-based companies in two audio tracks: (a) with Leoš Janáček's 2nd String Quartet 'Intimate Letters' and (b) a brass recording. Which music do you prefer? And which one do you think your contacts will like best?

#### Film "Görlitz Rhythms – A Dance of Cultures" Musik: Leoš Janáček (1854-1928): String

[https://kultur.org/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/Goerlitz-Rhythms.IKS-30y.Janacek.2024-05-24 HD\_neu\_2.mp4]

#### Görlitz Rhythms: A Dance of Cultures

Uraufführung 24. Mai 2024, Benigna Görlitz aus Anlaß der Dreißigjahrfeier des Instituts für kulturelle Infrastruktur Sachsen

Konzeption: Matthias Theodor Vogt, Görlitz Film: Andreas Zgraja, Görlitz

Film "Görlitz Rhythms – A Dance of Cultures" Musik: Leoš Janáček (1854-1928): String Quartet No. 2, "Intimate Letters", IV. Allegro – Andante – Adagio. With kind permission of Erica Brenner and Jessica Sherwood [6 December 2023) Alexi Kenney, violin 1 (Chamber Fest Cleveland Young Artist), David Bowlin, violin 2, Dimitri Murrath, viola, Julie Albers, cello Performed on June 24, 2016 Mixon Hall, Cleveland Institute of Music Cleveland, Ohio Chamber Fest Season 5 http://chamberfestcleveland.com Audio: Ian Dobie – Dobie Digital Productions, Editing: Erica Brenner http://ericabrennerproductions.com

## Film "Görlitz Rhythms – A Dance of Cultures" Musik: O Chanucah (Instrumental). YouTube Audio-Bibliothek

[https://kultur.org/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/Goerlitz-Rhythms.IKS-30y.Brass .2024-05-24 HD\_neu\_1.mp4?\_=1]

#### Görlitz Rhythms: A Dance of Cultures

Uraufführung 24. Mai 2024, Benigna Görlitz aus Anlaß der Dreißigjahrfeier des Instituts für kulturelle Infrastruktur Sachsen

Konzeption: Matthias Theodor Vogt, Görlitz Film: Andreas Zgraja, Görlitz

#### Wissenschaftliche Vorarbeiten unter anderem

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- Vogt, Matthias Theodor (2021d): On the threshold to visibility and dignity. The long story of Polish migrants at Görlitz/Zgorzelec. In: Inocent-Mária V. OP Szaniszló (Ed.), Invisible migrant workers and visible human rights. Angelicum Press., Rome (pp. 169-187). [Hier die deutsche Fassung]
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- Vogt, Matthias Theodor (2022a): The Corona Juventocide. Political immunosenescence due to distorted census weight at the expense of young age cohorts. ISSN 2036-7821, Year 14, Volume 1/2022, pp. 33-94 amministrativamente. Journal of Administrative Law (Classe A), Università degli Studi di Roma "Foro Italico" <a href="http://www.amministrativamente.com/index.php/formez/issue/view/836">http://www.amministrativamente.com/index.php/formez/issue/view/836</a>. [The German version in this volume]
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Studied political science, constitutional, social and economic history, sociology and education in Bonn. Doctorate in 1979. From 1980 to 1999, Poland expert at the Federal Institute for Eastern European and International Studies in Cologne. From 1999 to 2019, director of the German Poland Institute in Darmstadt. Since 2004, he has been an honorary professor at the Zittau/Görlitz University of Applied Sciences. He was a visiting professor at the Technical University of Darmstadt from 2012 to 2014. He is chairman of the Scientific Advisory Board of the Institute for Cultural Infrastructure Saxony in Görlitz. Main areas of research: Polish contemporary history, politics and political system, Polish foreign and security policy, German-Polish relations since 1945. Numerous publications since 1978, including: *Die Polenpolitik der Bonner Republik von Adenauer bis Kohl 1949-1991* (The Polish Policy of the Bonn Republic from Adenauer to Kohl 1949-1991), 1998 (Polish edition 1997); with Marek Halub and Matthias Weber: *Mein Polen – meine Polen. Zugänge & Sichtweisen* (My Poland – My Poles: Approaches and Perspectives), 2016 (Polish edition 2016); *Denk mal an Polen. Eine deutsche Debatte* (Think of Poland: A German Debate), 2020 (Polish edition 2021). Numerous awards, including the International Bridge Prize of the European City of Görlitz/Zgorzelec 2023.

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Full Professor of Administrative Law at the University of Sannio in Benevento. Currently, he serves as a member of several boards, including the Doctoral Board in Person, Market, and Institutions, the board of directors of the Archaeological Park of Pompeii, the Antonio Morra Greco Foundation in Naples, Ravello Lab, and the steering committee of Federculture. Additionally, he is part of the board of directors and the Scientific Committee of AITART – the Italian Association of Artist Archives. His previous roles include serving as a legal advisor to the Minister for Cultural Heritage and Activities of the Italian Republic, an expert at the Presidency of the Italian Government, and a member of the board of directors of the "Maggio Musicale Fiorentino" Foundation. He also held the position of President

of the Donnaregina Foundation for Contemporary Arts, which oversees the Museo Madre in Naples. He has authored approximately seventy scientific publications and is a member of the Editorial Board for the journal P.A. *Persona e Amministrazione: Ricerche Giuridiche sull'Amministrazione e l'Economia*, as well as for Brill Research Perspectives in Art and Law. He is also part of the Scientific Committee for the series Diritto Comparato dell'Arte and is affiliated with CIRTAM, the Interdepartmental Research Center from Late Antiquity to Modern times at the Federico II University of Naples.

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藤野一夫(神戸):神戸大学大学院国際文化学研究科名誉教授、兵庫県立芸術文化観光専門職大学副学長を経て名誉教授。専門は文化政策/アートマネジメント/音楽文化論/ドイツ思想史。特にリヒャルト・ワーグナーに関する数多くの著作を発表。コレギウム・ポンテスのシニアフェローも務めた。日本文化政策学会会長(2022-2025)を歴任し、国と地方自治体の数多くの文化審議会の座長、文化振興財団等の理事を務める。最近の著書に『基礎自治体の文化政策~まちにアートが必要なわけ』(2019)、『市民がつくる社会文化~ドイツの理念・運動・政策』(2021)、『みんなの文化政策講義~文化的コモンズをつくるために』(2022)などがある。

#### Prof. Dr. Stefan Garsztecki (Chemnitz)

Political scientist. From 1983 to 1989 he studied political science (major subject), modern and contemporary history and cultural geography (minor subjects) at the University of Bonn (Magister Artium in political science). From 1989 to 1994 he held a doctoral scholarship from the Friedrich Ebert Foundation. After completing his doctorate in political science in 1995 witz Klaus Ziemer and Kurt Düwell at the University of Trier, he holds the Chair of Cultural and Area Studies at Chemnitz University of Technology since 2010.

#### Sebastian Gemkow (Dresden)

Minister of State for Science, Culture and Tourism of the Free State of Saxony since 2019. Studied law at the universities of Leipzig, Hamburg and Berlin, completed his legal training in Leipzig with the first and second state examinations. In 2007, he established himself as a lawyer in Leipzig, has been a member of the Saxon State Parliament since 2009 and President of the Parliamentary Forum for Central and Eastern Europe since 2010. In 2014, he became Honorary Consul of the Republic of Estonia for Saxony, Saxony-Anhalt and Thuringia. From 2014 to 2019, he was Saxon State Minister of Justice.

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Professor at the Faculty of Humanities at Charles University. His main areas of interest are questions of historical sociology of knowledge, theories of historiography and sociology, and the history of modern Czech thought. In 2002 and 2004/05, he was a visiting professor at the Institute for European Studies at Chemnitz University of Technology. In addition to numerous studies in domestic and foreign journals, he has published, among other things, the annotated two-volume anthology *Der Streit um die Bedeutung der tschechischen Geschichte* (The Dispute over the Meaning of Czech History), a collection of studies on historical sociology of knowledge *Ideen – Geschichte – Gesellschaft* (Ideas – History – Society), a collection of his polemical and critical texts *Geschichte und Kritik* (History and Criticism), and the anthology *Glaube, Kultur und Gesellschaft* (Faith, Culture, and Society). He is co-editor of the monograph series *Religious Cultures in Modern Europe*, published by Vandenhoeck & Ruprecht.

#### Prof. Dr. Goro Christoph Kimura (Tokyo) 木村 護郎クリストフ (東京)

graduated from Hitotsubash University in Tokyo in 2002 with a dissertation entitled *Perspectives on human intervention for the preservation and revitalisation of minority languages*. He has been employed at Sophia University in Tokyo since 2004. He has been an associate professor since 2007 and a full professor at Sophia University since 2012 and is currently Dean of the Faculty of Foreign Studies. He has worked as a visiting professor at the Slavic-Eurasian Research Centre of Hokkaido University in Sapporo and as a visiting scholar at the Sorbian Institute (Bautzen), the European University Viadrina, the University of Leipzig and the Collegium Pontes Görlitz-Zgorzelec-Zhořelec. Kimura has been a board member and managing director of the Japan Society for the Study of Slavic Languages and Literatures since 2022.

2002年に東京の単一橋大学を卒業し、博士論文「少数言語の保存と再生における人間の介入に関する展望」で学位を取得しました。2004年から東京のソフィア大学に勤務し、2007年から准教授、2012年から教授を務め、現在は外国語学部の学部長です。北海道大学(札幌)のスラヴ・ユーラシア研究センターで客員教授、ソルビアン研究所(バウツェン)、ヨーロッパ大学ヴィアドリーナ、ライプツィヒ大学で客員研究員として勤務。彼は、ポンテス・ゴリツィ-ズゴジェレツ・ゾルジェレツ・カレッジウムの研究員でした。2022年から日本スラヴ語文学研究会の理事兼事務局長を務めている。

#### Prof. Dr. Peter Lah (Rom)

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#### Prof. Dr. Luca Lombardi (Rom)

Luca Lombardi is one of his country's most internationally renowned composers. After graduating from the German School in Rome with Dr. Joseph Vogt, he studied in Rome, Vienna, Cologne, Utrecht and Berlin (with B.A. Zimmermann, K. Stockhausen and P. Dessau, among others). He received his doctorate in German studies from the University of Rome. From 1973 to 1994, he was professor of composition at the conservatories in Pesaro and Milan, and has been a freelance composer ever since. He

has composed around 180 works, including five operas. A selection of his writings has been published under the title *Construction of Freedom* (Baden-Baden, 2006). He is a member of the Academy of Arts in Berlin and the Bavarian Academy of Fine Arts (Munich). He lives alternately on Lake Albano (Rome) and in Tel Aviv. www.lucalombardi.net.

#### Dr. Stephan Meyer (Görlitz)

Studied industrial engineering and economics. In 2006, he completed his studies with a thesis on *Energy efficiency comparison in the manufacturing industry for Germany, Poland, and the Czech Republic.* In 2007, he obtained the qualification of European Energy Manager (IHK Bildungszentrum). He received his doctorate in 2011 with a thesis on *Decision-making model for value chain-oriented emission reduction in transition countries.* He worked at SEC Energie-Contracting, at Nokia in Espoo, Finland, and was a guest lecturer at the German-Kazakh University in Almaty. He joined the Junge Union in 1998 and has been politically active ever since, currently as deputy CDU district chairman in the district of Görlitz. From 2009 to 2022, he was a member of the Saxon State Parliament, chairman of the Committee for Science and Higher Education, and parliamentary secretary of the CDU parliamentary group. Since September 2022 he is *Landrat* of the shire county Görlitz.

#### Dr. Beate Sibylle Pfeil (Freiburg)

Lawyer and independent researcher specialising in issues relating to national minorities in Europe. She has made a name for herself in her field through numerous lectures and seminal publications. From 1996 to 1999, she was a research assistant and from 1999 to 2016 deputy scientific director of the South Tyrolean Institute for Ethnic Groups in Bolzano, Italy. From 2017 to 2023, she was a Council of Europe expert responsible for the so-called Language Charter, and from 2017 to 2022, she was vice-chair of the European Centre for Minority Issues in Flensburg. Co-founder and co-editor of the European Journal for Minority Issues.

#### Prof. Dr. Oliver Reisner, (Tbilissi)

Since 2016, Oliver Reisner has been Jean Monnet Professor of European and Caucasian Studies at Ilia State University, teaching bachelor's, master's and doctoral students with a focus on European Studies and Caucasian Studies. In 2000, he received his doctorate from Georg August University in Göttingen, Germany, in Eastern European History, Slavic Studies, and Medieval and Modern History. From 2000 to 2003, he developed and coordinated a master's programme in Central Asia/Caucasus at the Institute for Central Asian Studies at Humboldt University in Berlin. From 2003 to 2005, he worked as a programme manager for human rights at World Vision Georgia, implementing a project on civil integration in the Samtskhe-Javakheti and Kvemo Kartli regions of Georgia. From 2005 to 2015, he was a project manager at the EU Delegation to Georgia, responsible for democratisation, minorities, education, youth, labour and social affairs. M;ain research topics: 1) Nation building and identity in the Caucasus in the 19th and 20th centuries; 2) Memory studies on dealing with the Soviet past in Georgia and the Caucasus; 3) History of Caucasian studies as a regional science; and 4) The role of religion in Georgia.

#### Dr.-Ing. Matthias Rößler (Dresden)

President of the Saxon State Parliament from 2009 to 2024. Graduate engineer in mechanical engineering, 1979 to 1985 research assistant at the University of Transport with teaching assignment (doctorate in 1985), 1985 to 1990 development engineer and head of a research team at the Lokomotivbau – Elektronische Werke Hennigsdorf combine. 1989 to 1990 Member of the GDR Executive Committee of the 'Demokratischer Aufbruch' (Democratic Awakening), member of the Dresden District Round Table and the Coordination Committee for the Reestablishment of the Free State of Saxony. 1990–2024 Member of the state parliament. 1994 to 2002 Minister of State for Culture, 2002 to November 2004 Minister of State for Science and the Arts.

#### Dr. Róża Różańska (Krakau)

Assistant Vice President in Quality Control and User Acceptance Testing at Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Holdings PLC (HSBC) and since 2003 Science Ambassador for the Women in

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Tech Poland programme funded by the Ministry of Science, under the auspices of the Polish Academy of Sciences. She holds a PhD with distinction in Management and Quality Sciences (thesis nominated for the European Business History Association award) and studied at the Sorbonne in Paris as well as at the Brazilian science diplomacy school InnSciD. Róża Różańska is predominantly a historian, specialising in Intellectual Property Law, Technology Transfer, and Executive Management. She is also a harpsichordist and member of the British Harpsichord Society, UNESCO Global Tech Diplomacy Forum and The Internet Society. She has lectured widely across Europe, with over 50 conference talks, 15 scientific articles and 350 journalistic texts. She developed her expertise in executive decision-making and leadership through courses from the University of Michigan and Università Bocconi, among others. She previously worked in London, managed the Polish Research Centre in London, served on the National Council for PhD Students, and in 2025 represented Poland at the UN/ITU high-level event marking the 20th anniversary of the World Summit on the Information Society in Geneva.

#### Dipl.-Kffr. (FH) Una Sedleniece M.A. (Riga)

Deputy Director of the Latvian National Museum of Art (since 2015). She studied "Culture and Management" at the University of Applied Sciences Zittau/Görlitz and the Institute of Cultural Infrastructure Saxony (1997-2002) as well as international cultural relations (1992-1996) and museology at the Latvian Academy of Culture (2006-2010). Chairwoman of the Expert Committee for Cultural Heritage and member of the Board of Trustees of the State Cultural Capital Foundation (2023–2025). Head of the Baltic Summer School of Museology (since 2022) and Chair of the Board of the Baltic Society for the Promotion of Museology (since 2013). Head of the Latvian Museum Council (2020–2022). Worked in several Latvian museums, in the State Authority on Museums (2002–2005), in the Ministry of Culture of the Republic of Latvia (2005–2011), including as Deputy State Secretary for Cultural Policy (2006–2007).

#### Prof. Dr. Beat Siebenhaar (Leipzig)

Beat Siebenhaar is a linguist and dialectologist specialising in the study of linguistic varieties, language in the new media, prosody and dialectology. He studied German, philosophy and literary criticism at the University of Zurich from 1983 to 1991 and received his doctorate in German linguistics in 1999 with a dissertation entitled *Sprachvariation, Sprachwandel und Einstellung. Der Dialekt der Stadt Aarau in der Labilitätszone zwischen Zürcher und Berner Mundartraum.* He holds the Chair of German Linguistics (specialising in linguistics of varieties) at the University of Leipzig since 2008. Before that, he worked at the University of Zurich, the University of Bern and the University of Lausanne, among others. Siebenhaar has been Dean of the Faculty of Philology at the University of Leipzig since October 2016 till October 2025.

#### Prof. Dr. habil. David Simo (Jaunde)

Director of the German-African Science Centre in Yaoundé. Professor Emeritus of German Studies and Cultural Studies. Former Head of the German Department at the Faculty of Arts, Literature and Humanities at the University of Yaoundé 1 in Cameroon. Former President of the African Association of Germanists. Visiting Professor at German and French universities. Reimar Lüst Prize winner of the Humboldt Foundation. Former Humboldt Science Ambassador in Cameroon.

#### Prof. Dr. habil. Anton Sterbling (Fürth)

Co-founder of the dissident Romanian-German writers' group 'Aktionsgruppe Banat' (1972-1975). Studied social sciences at the University of Mannheim, doctorate and habilitation at the University of the Federal Armed Forces in Hamburg. Lecturer at the University of the Federal Armed Forces in Hamburg, the University of Heidelberg, the University of Bonn and, until 2019, at the Saxon Police University (FH). Numerous academic and literary publications. Latest publications: *Ungewissheiten heimwärts fliehender Krähen* (Uncertainties of crows fleeing home): Recent poems, short prose and stories. Ludwigsburg 2025; *Ist die Europäische Union eine Wertegemeinschaft?* (Is the European Union a community of values?) In: *Zeitschrift für Balkanologie*, vol. 60, no. 1, Wiesbaden 2024.

#### Prof. Dr. habil. Susanne Vill (Wien)

Professor emerita of Theatre Studies at the University of Bayreuth, lecturer in Theatre Studies and Musicology at the Universities of Vienna, Munich, Marburg, Erlangen, Zürich. Singer, director. Member and contributor of the International School of Theatre Anthropology (ISTA) and the European Music Theater Academy. Congress organizations and edition of conference reports: Ausbildung für Musiktheater-Berufe [Training for music theater professions] 1986 in Munich for the founding of the Bavarian Theater Academy; Das Weib der Zukunft' - Frauengestalten und Frauenstimmen bei Wagner [The Woman of the Future' – Female Characters and Female Voices in Wagner] 1997 in Bayreuth; Richard Wagner und die Juden [Richard Wagner and the Jews] in cooperation with Tel Aviv University 1998 in Bayreuth. Numerous publications on music, theater, opera, musicals, singing and media performances. Productions, theater studio with guest performances in Germany and abroad, concerts, radio recordings and television broadcasts. www. susanne-vill.at.

#### Prof. Dr. habil. Dr. h.c. Gregor Vogt-Spira (Marburg)

Professor emeritus of Classical Philology at the Philipps University Marburg. After completing his doctorate and his habilitation at the University of Freiburg i.Br., he was a Founding Professor of Classical Philology at the University of Greifswald from 1994 to 2006, where he helped to rebuild the Institute of Classical Studies. From 2008 to 2012, he was Secretary General of the German-Italian Centre Villa Vigoni on Lake Como (Italy), a European interface for the humanities and sciences, politics, economy and culture. In 2001, he founded (together with Jerker Blomqvist, Lund) the network Colloquium Balticum of the Baltic Sea countries. In 2020, he was awarded an honorary doctorate by the University of Riga.

#### Prof. Dr. phil. Dr. habil. Prof. h.c. Dr. iur. h.c. Matthias Theodor Vogt (Görlitz)

Managing director of the Saxonian Institute for Cultural Infrastructures (https://kultur.org/), professor emeritus at the Zittau/Görlitz University, honorary professor at the University of Pécs and Doctor iuris honoris causa of Ilia University, Tbilisi. Master of Arts in Theatre Studies with a focus on modern German literature and philosophy in Munich, Paris and Aix-en-Provence. Doctorate in musicology. Habilitation in urban studies. Visiting professor at universities and music academies in Vienna, Prague, Wroclaw, Krakow, Dresden, Boston, Yaounde, Cairo, Ulaanbaatar, Shanghai, Kobe and Toyooka, as well as at the Pontifical Gregorian University and the Pontifical University of Saint Thomas Aquinas, both in Rome. Theatre experience at Moscow, Russe, Vienna, Salzburg, Venice, Milan, Rome, among others. Research interests: cultural policy and art policy, cultural history including medical history, minorities. Has taught at 60 universities in Europe, Africa, Asia and North America.

#### マティアス=テオドール・フォークト (ゲルリッツ)

は、ザクセン州文化インフラ研究所(https://kultur.org/)の所長兼経営責任者、ツィッタウ/ゲルリッツ高等専門学校名誉教授、ペッチ大学名誉教授、ティビリシのイリア大学名誉法学博士です。ミュンヘン、パリ、アAix-en-Provenceで演劇学、現代ドイツ文学、哲学の修士号を取得。音楽学の博士号を取得。都市計画学のハビリタツィオンを取得。ウィーン、プラハ、ヴロツワフ、クラクフ、ドレスデン、ボストン、ヤウンデ、カイロ、ウランバートル、上海、神戸、豊岡の大学および音楽大学、ならびにローマのグレゴリアナ大学とアンジェリカム大学で客員教授を歴任。演劇経験:モスクワ、ルッセ、ウィーン、ザルツブルク、ベネチア、ミラノ、ローマなど。研究分野:文化政策と芸術政策、文化史(医学史を含む)、少数民族。ヨーロッパ、アフリカ、アジア、北米の60の大学で教鞭を執る。

#### Dr. phil. Reiner Zimmermann (Dresden)

Former head of department, born in Neustadt/Orla, Thuringia. 1960–1965 Studied musicology, art history, and theater studies in Leipzig, editor at the music publishing house Editions Peters Leipzig/Dresden 1966–1985, music theater dramaturge at the Dresden Music Festival 1986–1991, 1991 to 2003 Head of the Art Department at the Saxon State Ministry of Science and the Arts. Publications include Mehr Sein als Scheinen. Kuturpolitik in Sachsen nach 1990 (Donatus-Verlag, Niederjahna/Käbschütztal, 2022). Editor of musical works by Mendelssohn, Fauré, Debussy, Meyerbeer, and others; editor of the musical

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writings of Camille Saint-Saens and the autobiography of Jules Massenet. Author of *Giacomo Meyerbeer* - *Biografie nach Dokumenten* (Giacomo Meyerbeer - Biography Based on Documents), 1991. Since 2009, editor-in-chief of the *Denkmäler der Tonkunst in Dresden* (Monuments of Music in Dresden). See also *Viele Stimmen. Festschrift für Reiner Zimmermann zum 75. Geburtstag am 27. November 2016*, published by his friends.











## To listen, to reflect, to act Cultural Policy against the Grain

What are the premises of today's cultural policy? What insights can the past, present and theory offer for a contemporary cultural policy? How can art counteract agoraphobia, digital isolation and populist temptations? How can local authorities give their citizens ample space to develop civil society solidarity 'for the good of the city. For only when the city is well will you be well.' (It should be noted that Jeremiah 29:7 addresses immigrants who are to become citizens in foreign Babylon. Does our cultural policy also achieve this?) Are the arts not precisely the place where we can first listen to the other before we think together and then act together?

It is the historical achievement of Matthias Theodor Vogt, in the Free State of Saxony, which was re-established in 1990, to not only conceive the Saxon Cultural Area Act between 1991 and 1995 in a unique process of analysis and dialogue with the state, municipal and civil society levels, but also to have it enshrined in law and, last but not least, to have it implemented with little friction. It was therefore only natural that, on the thirtieth anniversary of the law's entry into force, the cultural areas of Saxony invited Matthias Theodor Vogt's colleagues and students to a conference entitled 'Kulturpolitik gegen den Strich' (Cultural Policy Against the Grain). We are hereby presenting the results of this conference in a commemorative publication to mark his 65th birthday.

What can art do better and differently than the digital world? What political, structural, economic, and, last but not least, intellectual conditions are necessary for art to develop its own life for the benefit of humanity? The cover image shows Haus Klingewalde, Görlitz, home of the Institute for Cultural Infrastructure Saxony since 1998. The watercolour by Lynne Beal, Cologne, relates to a conversation with Matthias Theodor Vogt about the vanishing point in Alberti: *De pictura* | *De pittura* (1435 – 1436). According to Corinna Laude, in the *centricus punctus* of Alberti's intromission theory, 'the orthogonal vanishing lines, the depth lines of the representation, converge "quasi persino in infinito" (as it were out into infinity), it lies in infinity – and thus, according to contemporary understanding, in God'. Which "vanishing points" does today's post-secular society use?

How can political science in Chemnitz interact in a multidisciplinary, cross-continental manner, always with reference to human beings themselves, with cultural studies in Tokyo and linguistics in Leipzig, with legal studies in Naples and social sciences in Rome? This volume shows that cultural policy studies require a fact-based holistic approach and that this may be achieved by working together.

#### Cultural Policy against the Grain (Volume 2, English version)

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